petite excavié tronquée au bout." Unfortunately, the author does not say whether his species is wingless or not. The species originally allocated to this genus, now relegated to the list of synonyms of Chlanius are C. carbonarius, Dej., and C. stygius, Laferté, both from West Africa. As regards the abbreviated stria 9, which coalesces with the outer margin some distance below the shoulder, the same peculiarity occurs in C. clarksoni, mihi, which, though very different from "salisburiensis" in the shape of the mentum, has a facies on a larger, more robust scale, not unlike it, and it is also an apterous species. It appears best placed after C. clarksoni, mihi, or C. cham, Chd., and between them and the Calathus-like group of species, to which C. piceus, Chd., belongs. All these species are apparently wingless and approximate to the genus Systologranius, Chaud., of the tribe Oodini.

Hab. Salisbury, S. Rhodesia. Collected by the Rev. J. A. O'Neil. A single female example.

I take this opportunity to correct some verbal errors which occurred in my paper on "New Species of Carabidæ from South Africa," which appeared in the January number of the Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist.:—

ERRATA AND CORRIGENDA.

P. 30, last line, for "extending" read "which extends." P. 31, first line, for "below it" read "below the widening."

P. 37, under description of *Chlænius durbanensis*, third line, after "pubescent" place a semicolon and after "beneath" eliminate comma.

P. 38, under description of *Chlænius marleyi*, paragraph Prothorax, last two lines, *for* "with deep basal foveæ" read "with a deep basal foveæ."

P. 47, under description of Callistominus caffer, Boh., second line, for "latter" read "former."

DR. WILLIAM CARRUTHERS.

WE greatly regret to announce the death of Dr. William Carruthers at the age of 93. Dr. Carruthers was for forty-five years connected with the 'Annals,' and was always of great help in conducting the Magazine.—Eps.